

MCEB 2022 Château d'Oex, Suisse June 26-30, 2022

MATHEMATICAL AND COMPUTATIONAL EVOLUTIONARY BIOLOGY

























INFORMATION

Meeting Point

Directly at the Hotel Roc & Neige on Sunday, May 26th.

In case of problems:

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=> inside France use 0 to start (06 48...), outside france use +33 without

the 0 (336 48...)



Location

The conference will be held in the village of **Chateau d'Oex**, The municipality is located in the Vaud part of the Sarine valley between the Saanenland in the canton of Bern (in French: Gessenay) upstream and the Intyamon in the canton of Fribourg downstream, at an altitude of approximately 1,000 m. Château-d'Œx is the largest municipality in the canton of Vaud, with an area of 11,374 ha5, of which 2% is residential and infrastructure land, 44.6% is agricultural land, 35.9% is woodland and 16.6% is unproductive land.

The minimum altitude of the municipality is 870 m at the level of the Sarine, the average altitude is 1,489 m and the highest point is at 2,548 m on the summit of Tarent on the Pic Chaussy - Cape au Moine ridge.

The municipality comprises several villages and hamlets. Apart from Château-d'Œx, the main town, the most important are Les Moulins and Les Granges, at the bottom of the valley, as well as L'Étivaz and La Lécherette, on the road to the Col des Mosses.

Practical INFORMATION





Hôtel Roc et Neige

Route des Monnaires 46, 1660 Château-d'Oex Telephone +41 (0)26 924 33 50 info@rocetneige.ch https://www.roc-et-neige.ch/contact

Train:

To get there by train, you have to go through Geneva, then Lausanne, Montreux and finally Chateau d'Oex. It takes 2h30 from Geneva. To reach the hotel from the station, you have to walk a distance of 800m. The map below explains the itinerary.

Tickets and information

Montreux-Oberland Bernois -Buy tickets - 00 41 21 989 81 90 SNCF - 01 84 94 36 35 Chemins de fer fédéraux suisses - Buy tickets - 00 41 900 300 300





Sunday, June 26th

19h00 Welcome drink

20h00 Dinner

Monday, June 27th

09h00 Keynote - Niko Beerenwinkel

Inferring tumor evolution from single-cell data

10h00 Coffee break

10h40 Scholz Guillaume

Fast detection of recombinant sequences in viruses using phylo-k-mers

11h00 Latrille Thibault

Empirical evidence for positive selection that is not adaptive evolution

11h20 Break

11h40 Mashayekhi Somayeh

Fractional coalescent

12h00 Otto Moritz

Recombination, selection and the evolution of tandem gene arrays

12h30 Lunch

Afternoon: social activities and discussions

17h30 De Sousa Mota Bárbara

Imputation of ancient genomes

17h50 Anchieri Lucas

Benchmarking methods using time-series data to infer selection

18h10 Break

18h40 Nesterenko Luca

Phyloformer: Fast and accurate phylogeny estimation with self-attention networks

19h00 De Vienne Damien M.

The overlooked effect of ghost lineages for the study of gene flow

19h30 Dinner



Tuesday, June 28th

09h00 Keynote - Denise Kühnert

Archaeogenetics meets phylodynamics: tracking the evolution of pathogens over millennia

10h00 Coffee break

10h40 Cornuault Josselin

Do genes' coalescence times carry information on demography?

11h00 Catanzaro Daniele

Balanced Minimum Evolution: Theoretical and Computational Advances

11h20 Break

11h40 Bollen Nena

Exploiting genomic surveillance to map the spatio-temporal dispersal of SARS-CoV-2 spike mutations in Belgium across 2020

12h00 Huson Daniel

SplitsTree6 - integrating phylogenetic trees and networks

12h30 Lunch

Afternoon: social activities and discussions

17h Keynote - Carolin Kosiol

Polymorphism-aware phylogenetics models

18h Poster session (1 to 12) + aperitif

19h30 Dinner

Wednesday, June 29th

09h00 Keynote - David Bryant

The Concatenation Ouestion

10h00 Coffee break

10h40 Szollosi Gergely

Trade-off between reducing mutational accumulation and increasing commitment to differentiation determines tissue organization

Program

11h00 Featherstone Leo

Assessing the effects of date and sequence data in phylodynamics

11h20: Break

11h40 Zhukova Anna

Fast and Accurate Resolution of the Birth-Death Exposed-Infectious (BDEI) Model

12h00 Bastide Paul

A Cauchy process to model trait evolution on a phylogeny

12h30 Lunch

Afternoon: social activities and discussions

17h Keynote – Maria Anisimova

Phylogenetics with indels

18h Poster session (13 to 23) + aperitif

19h30 Dinner

Thursday June 30th

09h00 Keynote - Cécile Ané

Estimating species networks to model reticulate evolution: challenges and identifiability

10h00 Coffee break

10h40 Dalla Riva Giulio Valentino

Phylogenetics and ecological networks: old challenges and new opportunities

11h00 Urban Lara

The ghost of past selection in the critically endangered kākāpō

11h20 Break

11h40 Layan Maylis

Impact and mitigation of sampling bias to determine viral spread: evaluating discrete phylogeography through CTMC models and structured coalescent model approximations

12h00 Vaughan Timothy - Bayesian phylodynamic inference of multi-type population trajectories using genomic data

12h30 Lunch

14h00 Departure

Keynote speakers

Keynote speakers



> Cecile ANE
Professor of Botany and Statistics
University of Wisconsin–Madison



> Maria ANISIMOVA

Head of Applied Computational Genomics and Lecturer, SIB group leader

ZHAW School of Life Sciences and Facility Management

Fachstelle Computational Genomics



> Niko BEERENWINKEL
Professor Dep. of Biosystems Science and Eng
ETH Zürich Computational Biology Group



> David BRYANT
Professor University of Otago
University of Otago, New Zealand



> Carolin KOSIOL Lecturer in Bioinformatics University of St Andrews



> Denise KÜHNERT

Transmission, Infection, Diversification & Evolution Group - Research

Group Leader

Max Planck Institute for the Science of Human History

1 - Jowkar Gholamhossein

ARPIP: Ancestral sequence Reconstruction with insertions and deletions under the Poisson Indel Process

2 - Gamblin Jasmine

Beyond one-gain models for pangenome evolution

3 - Rocu Pauline

Sampling consistency of diffusion statistics in bayesian phylogeography

4 - Talibart Hugo

PPalign: Optimal alignment of Potts models representing proteins with direct coupling information

5 - Linard Benjamin

Improving gene classification into gene families via phylo-k-mers

6 - Romashchenko Nikolai

Mutual Information-based Feature Selection of Informative Phylo-k-mers

7 - Li Yimin

Preprocessing Strategies for Bayesian Phylogeographic Analysis Using Large-Scale Genomic Sequence Data

8 - Wirtz Johannes

Combinatorics of multiple-merger coalescent genealogies

9 - Potter Barney

Leveraging tools from Nextstrain for bespoke phylogenetic analysis of viral pathogen epidemics

10 - Tuffet Rémi

Modeling the dynamics of antibiotic resistance genes: towards an ecology of the bacterial pangenome

11 - Zarebski Alexander

Estimation of reproductive number and prevalence using genomic and time series data

12 - Bastian Mélodie

Bridging the gap between population genomic and phylogenetic approaches

13 - Moi David

Convolutional graph networks for Coevolution detection in COVID19

14 - Nahata Kanika

Bayesian model comparison of molecular clock models - a phylogenetic simulation study

15 - Carpentier Mathilde

Protein folds as synapomorphies of the tree of life

16 - Boussau Bastien

Evaluation of methods to detect shifts in directional selection at the genome scale



17 - Verbiest Max

Uncovering the Diverse Roles of Short Tandem Repeat Variation in Colorectal Cancer

18 - Genestier Alice

The influence of genetic dosage on PRDM9-dependent evolutionary dynamics of meiotic recombination

19 - Pourhasanzade Fateme

An Individual-based model to study the importance of trade-offs in the evolution and diversification of traits in host-phage population dynamics

20 - Hong Samuel

GPU-accelerated online phylodynamic inference using BEAST

21 - Koubinova Darina

Intergeneric relationships within Ophioglossaceae untangled with organelle phylogenomics

22 - Paul Zaharias

The robustness of bootstrap branch supports with respect to taxon sampling

23 - David Swofford

Likelihood Via Decomposition : A fast, highly parallelizable alternative to Felsenstein pruning for computing likelihoods of phylogenetic trees







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